Erratum: Validity of bag urine culture for predicting urinary tract infections in febrile infants: a paired comparison of urine collection methods

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To the Editor:

We found an error in our published article:

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Page 183,
The second sentence in Abstract Results was modified as follow;
The probability of a UTI increased when the CBU bacterial count was ≥10^5/mL for all infants, both uncircumcised male infants and female infants (likelihood ratios [LRs], 4.16, 4.11, and 4.11, respectively).

Abstract Results was modified as follow.

Results: CBU results, relative to CATH-U culture results (≥10^4 colony-forming units [CFU]/mL) were widely variable, ranging from no growth to ≥10^5 CFU/mL. A CBU cutoff value of ≥10^5 CFU/mL resulted in false-positive and false-negative rates of 18% and 24%, respectively. The probability of a UTI increased when the CBU bacterial count was ≥10^5/mL for all infants, both uncircumcised male infants and female infants (likelihood ratios [LRs], 4.16, 4.11, and 4.11, respectively). UTIs could not be excluded for female infants with a CBU bacterial density of 10^4–10^5 (LR, 1.40). The LRs for predicting UTIs based on a positive dipstick test and a positive urinalysis were 4.19 and 3.11, respectively.